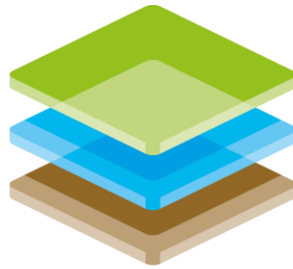


INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

KRINGS

CORNER SHORING UNIT



terra
infrastructure

safety: efficient and sustainable

Manufacturer:

terra infrastructure GmbH
Hollestraße 7A
45127 Essen, Germany

Phone:

+49 2433 453-0

Email:

info@terra-infrastructure.com

Homepage:

<https://www.terra-infrastructure.com>

CONTENTS

1. System overview.....	3
2. Technical parameters	4
3. Occupational safety and general information in accordance with DIN EN 13331-1/-2.....	5
3.1. Symbols in these instructions	5
3.2. Dangers	6
3.3. General safety information and measures for reduction of risks	6
3.4. Protection against falls and falling parts	7
3.5. Storage, transportation and lifting operations	8
3.6. Criteria for the inspection, repair and withdrawal of worn or damaged components	9
3.7. Applicable regulations	10
3.8. Personal protective equipment (PPE)	10
4. Assembly instructions	11
5. Installation instructions	13
6. Removing instructions	15
7. Maintenance and repair	16

Information about the instructions for use

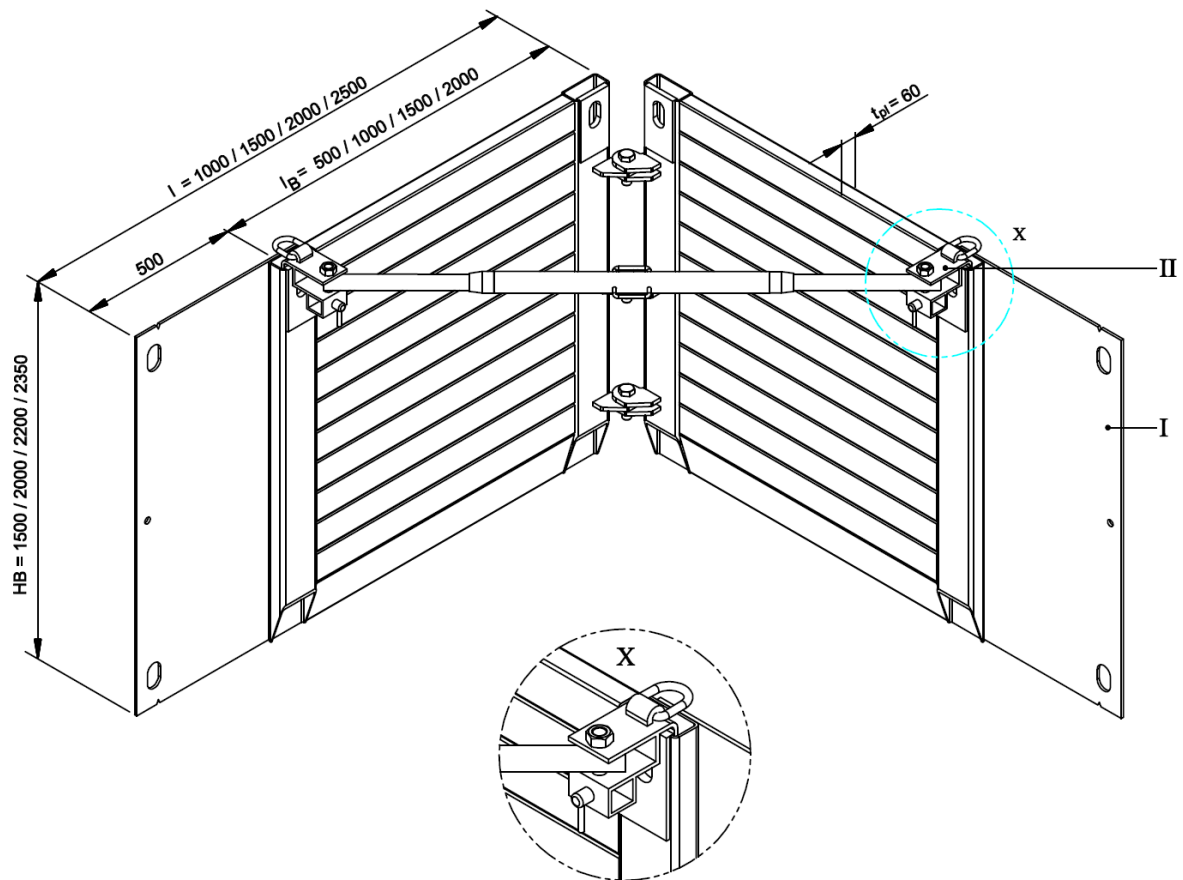
These instructions enable the safe and efficient use of the KRINGS corner shoring unit. The instructions are part of the systems and shall be kept in close proximity of the shoring site, accessible to the personnel at all times.

The personnel must read and understand these instructions thoroughly before starting to work. The prerequisite for safe work is observance of all safety precautions and work instructions specified in these instructions.

In addition, the local occupational health and safety regulations and general safety regulations for the area of application apply.

All safety-related dimensions conform with German safety and accident prevention regulations and German standards. The respective state-specific regulations are to be checked and applied before the work starts.

1. SYSTEM OVERVIEW



I Corner shoring unit
II Installation Aid
I Length
 I_B Length of base body

HB Base body height
 t_{pl} Panel thickness
X Installation Aid

2. TECHNICAL PARAMETERS

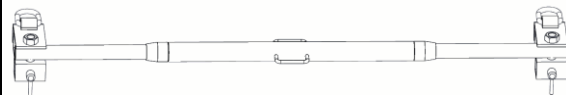
Base plates

Art. no.	l Base body [m]	h Base body [m]	t _{pl} [m]	l Compensation plate [m]	Suitable trench width [m]	G/Box [kg]	e _h [kN/m ²]
805 599	0.50	1.50	0.06	0.50	0.50 – 1.00	400	18.6
805 619		2.00				530	
805 632		2.20				575	
805 636		2.35				610	
805 600	1.00	1.50	0.06	0.50	1.00 – 1.50	525	18.6
805 620		2.00				730	
805 633		2.20				810	
805 637		2.35				850	
805 610	1.50	1.50	0.06	0.50	1.50 – 2.00	720	18.6
805 630		2.00				950	
805 634		2.20				1,025	
805 638		2.35				1,110	
805 610	2.00	1.50	0.06	0.50	2.00 – 2.50	780	18.6
805 630		2.00				1,110	
805 634		2.20				1,245	
805 638		2.35				1,310	

* The weights refer to two panel halves (R/L) = one corner.

Accessories

No.	Art. no.	Designation	G [kg]
1	805 640	Installation aid L=0.50 m	17.0
	805 645	Installation aid L=1.00 m	23.0
	805 650	Installation aid L=1.50 m	28.0



l Length
h Panel height
t_{pl} Panel thickness

e_h Admissible soil pressure
G Weight
G/Box Weight / Shoring box

3. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND GENERAL INFORMATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH DIN EN 13331-1/-2

3.1. Symbols in these instructions

Safety information

The following occupational safety symbols are on all occupational safety information which indicates a danger to life and limb of personnel and are identified by a pictogram, a signal word and a signal colour.

You can find explanations of the dangerous situations at the relevant points in the documentation. Observe this information at all times!

Observe the applicable local safety and accident prevention regulations at all times!

All the following dimensions conform with German safety regulations.

DANGER



Type and source of danger

This symbol warns of an immediate danger to the life and health of personnel. Failure to observe these warnings results in serious repercussions for health, culminating in life-threatening injuries and extensive property damage.

Action which must be refrained from so that the danger does not occur.

WARNING



Type and source of danger

This symbol warns of an imminent danger to the life and health of personnel, and of environmental and property damage.

Failure to observe these warnings may result in serious repercussions for health, culminating in life-threatening injuries and/or extensive environmental and property damage.

Action which must be refrained from so that the danger does not occur.

CAUTION



Type and source of danger

This symbol warns of an imminent danger to the health of personnel and of environmental and property damage.

Failure to observe these warnings may result in moderate or slight repercussions for health, culminating in injuries and/or extensive environmental and property damage.

Action which must be refrained from so that the danger does not occur.

HINT



Type and source of the machine or plant damage

This symbol warns of a dangerous situation and serves to mark a note on how to deal with trench shoring.

Failure to follow these instructions can lead to extensive property damage.

Action that must be omitted in order to prevent damage from occurring.

Tips and recommendations



This symbol highlights useful tips and recommendations, as well as information for efficient and fault-free operation. Action which must be refrained from so that the danger does not occur.

Other markings

The following markings are used to highlight instructions, results, lists, references and other elements in these instructions:

Marking	Explanation
1., 2., 3. ...	Step-by-step instructions
	Results of action steps
	Listings without a fixed order

3.2. Dangers

When working on and in excavations and trenches, the following dangers with the potential to cause serious injuries or death arise, among others:

- Being buried under volumes of soil or gravel which slip
- Being buried as a result of failure of the shoring
- Personnel falling
- Being affected by falling or tipping parts
- Tripping, slipping, falling
- Forced postures in confined working spaces
- Crushing of hand and feet during loading and unloading, transportation, assembly and disassembly, and installation and removal of the shoring elements

3.3. General safety information and measures for reduction of risks

Please note that an appropriate risk assessment must be generated for the specified work step before assembly, installation and removal and disassembly of the shoring system.

Compliance with the technical specifications and safety information in these use instructions is required at all times.



DANGER



Risk of death or injury owing to insufficient safety measures on the construction site and for adjacent installations / trades!

Insufficient safety measures on the construction site and for adjacent installations / trades result in a risk of death or injury, as well as a risk of property damage to the shoring!

- Attention must be paid to overhead lines during transportation and during installation and removal of the shoring.
- On sloping or uneven ground, the shoring must set up at as close to a right angle to the slope as possible.
- The use instructions must be present of the construction site.
- When using the shoring system, the maximum permitted loads as specified in these use instructions may not be exceeded.
- Shoring systems may only be used in ground which is not susceptible to slippage; water table drawdown measures must be taken where applicable.
- The stability of the shoring must be ensured in all installation and removal, assembly and disassembly states.
- The shoring must be installed in a horizontal position.
- Only put up shoring units on solid and even surfaces and secure against falling where applicable – possible factors which may affect stability, e.g. site incline, wind loads, vibrations from traffic loads and/or work tools, soil condition, etc., must be taken into account.
- Take traffic safety measures us trenches are established in the vicinity of public roads or if the establishment affects traffic. Consult with the relevant authorities.
- The shoring must reach to the bottom of the trench. In minimum stiff, cohesive soils,

the shoring for construction operations which will be finished in a few days may end up to 0.50 m above the bottom of the trench if there are no exceptional influences and no earth pressure is to be absorbed from building loads.

- Throughout the construction phase, the front area must be secured through frictional connection and/or battered in accordance with the national regulations.
- Shoring elements placed on top of one another must be frictionally connected to one another at all points provided for in the design.
- Cavities should be filled immediately in a force-fitting manner.
- In order to ensure the safe execution of works, material transportation, and in particular the rescue of injured personnel, minimum working area widths in accordance with DIN 4124 must be complied with (minimum working area width for excavations/trenches ≥ 0.6 m); the appropriate national regulations must be applied where applicable.
- All parts of the shoring must always be inspected after heavy rainfall, in the event of significant changes to the loading, at the onset of a thaw, after a long interruption in the works, after extraordinary stresses (e.g. owing to impacts or vibrations) or after blasts.
- Removal of the shoring must be done in conjunction with backfilling.

i Tips and recommendations



- Traffic safety must be ensured, by means of bollards or specially assigned safety personnel, for example.
- The construction site must be sufficiently marked as such, using warning signs, for example.

3.4. Protection against falls and falling parts



DANGER



Risk of death or injury owing to falls or falling parts!

Falls or falling parts result in a risk of death or injury, as well as a risk of property damage to the machine and/or system! The following measures must be implemented, depending on the construction site.

- Transitions are required for trenches with a width of > 0.80 m; the transitions must be at least 0.50 m wide.
- At a trench depth of > 1.00 m, the transitions must be equipped with a three-part side guard on both sides to protect against falling.
- At a trench depth of > 1.25 m, steps or ladders must be used for access.
- In order to protect against falling parts or against excavated soil slipping back in, the shoring must have an overhang over the top edge of the trench – at trench depths of 2.0 m this must be min. 5 cm, at trench depths of greater than 2.0 m it must be min. 10 cm.
- The front sides of the trenches or excavations must either be secured using appropriate shoring systems or, depending on the soil condition, battered accordingly.
- At the top edge, a protective strip which is at least 0.60 m wide must be kept free from loads and in particular from construction machinery and vehicles.
- Fall protection systems must be installed in excavations and trenches with a possible fall height of greater than 2 m.
- For activities for which the installation of effective fall protection is generally not possible (e.g. during installation of the shoring, during excavation, during cable laying or during backfilling), this must be reviewed and justified within the risk assessment.

3.5. Storage, transportation and lifting operations

Storage



DANGER



Risk of death or injury owing to incorrect storage!

Incorrect storage results in a risk of death or injury, as well as a risk of property damage to the machine and/or system!

- The shoring elements may only be stored on solid, even ground.
- In the event that shoring panels are stored in stacks, the maximum permitted stack height must be observed – rule of thumb: max. stack height [m] = 4 x width of the narrow side [m].
- Care must be taken to ensure that the shoring panels are aligned perpendicular with one another during storage and transportation; support staves and non-slip mats or similar must be used where applicable in order to ensure safe storage and safe transportation.
- The prescribed safety distances from trench and excavation walls (see 3.3) must always be complied with for storage.

Transportation and lifting operations



DANGER



Risk of death or injury owing to suspended, hauled or towed loads!

Loads may swing out and fall during lifting operations. Hauled or towed loads may tip over. There is a risk of death or injury, as well as a risk of property damage to the shoring!

- Assembly of the guide frame may only be done in a horizontal position. Assembly in vertical alignment is EXPRESSLY prohibited!
- For transportation, the use of cranes or hydraulic excavators using hoisting operation is preferred; during transportation with forklifts, attention must be paid to the fact that the ground on a construction site is frequently uneven. This may lead to the load slipping or falling – additional safety measures are required where applicable for transportation with forklifts.
- Hydraulic excavators using hoisting operation must be equipped with an overload warning system and a line-break safety device; the overload warning system must be switched on in hoisting operation.
- The lifting gear, load handling attachment and sling must be chosen according to the load; the dynamic loads, e.g. when pulling boxes (removal), must also be taken into account here in addition to the static loads.
- All lifting gear, load-handling attachments and slings must be tested and approved.
- Do not pull shoring elements through the trench (exception: dragboxes).
- When using slings, the use of edge protection is required if the sling is routed against sharp edges.
- Only load hooks with safety catches may be used in order to prevent unintentional unhooking of the load during lifting, pulling or transportation; in the event that the safety catch does not close owing to the design, the use of shackles or round slings as connectors is required.
- The shoring elements may only be attached and transported using the intended attachment points.
- The loads must be attached such that the shoring elements are in a horizontal position; pendulum movements must be reduced to a minimum during transportation; diagonal pulls are not permitted.
- The angle of inclination between the sling and the notional vertical at the

attachment point may not exceed 60°.

- Transportation must be done as close to the ground as possible.
- Never carry the load over personnel.
- Attached loads must be guided with guide lines/guide rods; always walk behind the load and do not walk backwards.
- The accompanying persons for guiding the load and slingers must always remain within the machine operator's field of vision off the track and outside the danger area.
- Accompanying persons for guiding the load and slingers must have safe footing; never stand between a suspended load and a fixed abutment (risk of crushing!).
- Care must be taken to ensure that fingers are always free during lifting, guiding and set down; never guide loads using the sling.
- The applicable national rules and regulations must be observed and complied with.

3.6. Criteria for the inspection, repair and withdrawal of worn or damaged components

- Shoring elements must be subjected to functional testing and a visual inspection for obvious defects, e.g. on struts, top layers of the panels, welding seams, stabilizers, attachment points, by supervisors before each use.
- If defects which reduce the load capacity are found, in particular damaged struts, cracked welding seams or excessively deformed, cracked or worn out attachment points, the shoring elements may only be used again after professional repairs by the manufacturer.
- Furthermore, missing parts such as nuts, screws, connectors, bolts and stabilizers, or broken parts such as spindles, bolts and spreader systems result in withdrawal of individual system elements.
- Defecting parts must be replaced or repaired before use. The elements may only be used again after approval by the manufacturer.
- In the event of significantly deformed or warped parts or in the event of holes, e.g. in the panel body, the manufacturer must always be consulted before the shoring element is used.
- Small repairs may be carried out by the user himself where applicable – however this may only be done in consultation with the manufacturer.
- Only original parts from the manufacturer may be used.
- The manufacturer provides no warranty for repairs which are improperly performed and for the use of parts which are not original parts.
- Before each (repeated) use and after reassembly of the shoring elements or after exceptional disturbances (see chapter 3.2), the tightness of all screw connections must be checked and they must be tightened where necessary.
- If there is any doubt about the usability of the shoring elements, and in the event of defects and damage, the manufacturer must be contacted.
- Soil which has adhered to the shoring elements must be cleaned off after use.
- In order to increase the service life, regular renewal of the paint (rust protection, top coat) is recommended.

3.7. Applicable regulations

The applicable national rules and regulations must be observed and complied with. The following regulations apply in the current version:

- Regulations of the BG Bau [German Employers' Liability Insurance Association] – Technical Committee Civil Engineering
- DIN 4124 Construction Pits and Ditches
- DIN EN 13331 – Part 1 – Product specifications, Part 2 – Verification by calculation or testing
- General safety instructions and the Industrial Safety Ordinance

Our products bear the GS mark "Tested Safety"

3.8. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Personal protective equipment serves to protect personnel against health and safety risk while working.

In principle, the necessary personal protective equipment for the activities is the result of your risk assessment.

We recommend the following PPE for loading and unloading activities, assembly and disassembly, transportation/lifting operations, maintenance and repair, and for activities in the area with shoring:

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING



Protective clothing is tight-fitting workwear which tears easily, with tight sleeves and with no protruding parts.

HELMET



Safety helmets protect the head against falling objects, swinging loads and impacts against fixed objects.

GLOVES



Protective gloves protect the hands against friction, abrasions, punctures, cuts or deeper injuries.

SAFETY SHOES

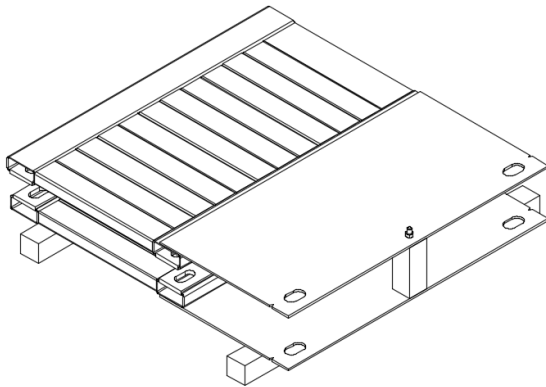


Safety shoes protect the feet against crushing, falling parts and slipping on slippery surfaces. Furthermore, S3 safety shoes are puncture-resistant and thus protect against injuries to the feet resulting from nails, metal chips, etc.

4. ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

Before starting the work, it is obligatory to observe all safety precautions from section "Occupational health and safety and general remarks according to DIN EN 13331-1/-2" (see section 3 Occupational health and safety and general remarks according to DIN EN 13331-1/-2)!

1. Delivery



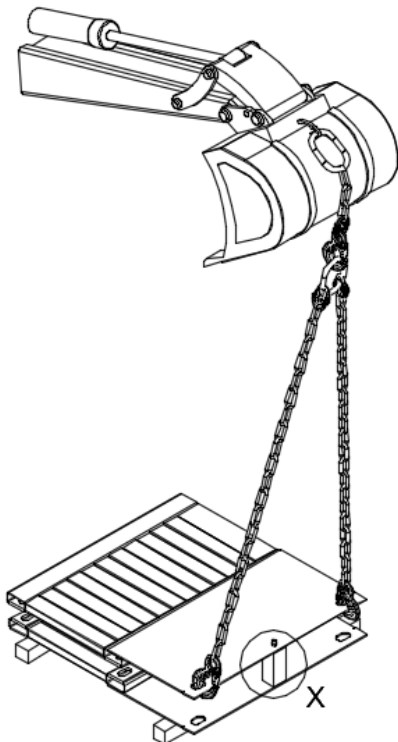
The KRINGS corner shoring unit is delivered in a folded condition.

Position the corner shoring unit on a sufficiently large, level and stable surface.

Use squared timber!

Before using it in the trench, remove the transport securing device first.

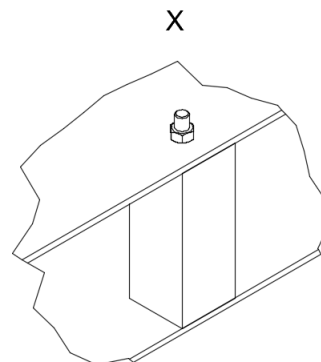
2. Removing the transport securing device



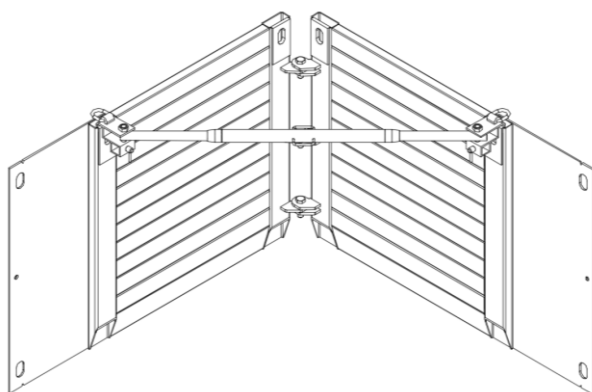
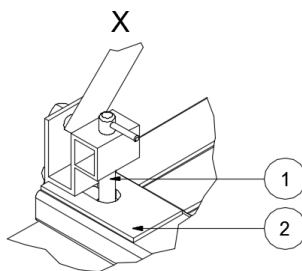
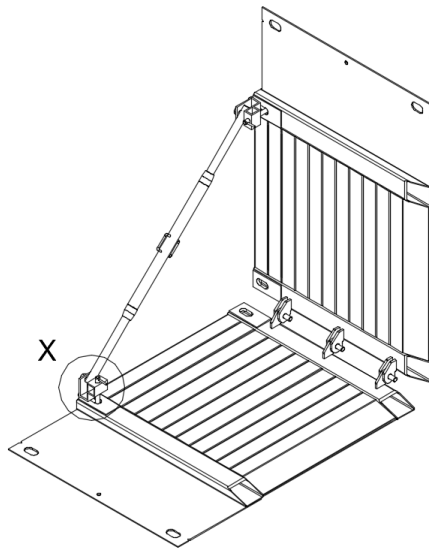
During transport, the two panel halves are secured with squared timber and screws.

Before removing the transport securing device, secure the upper panel half with a lifting device in position.

The hexagon screw (M20) can then be loosened (30 mm spanner size).



3. Mounting the installation aid



After unfolding the corner shoring unit, mount the installation aid.

Make sure that the locking pin (1) arrests in the eye of the post pocket (2) and that the pin lever faces down.

After complete installation of the shoring, the installation aid must be removed.

5. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Adjustment method

1. Preconditions

For all work, observe the applicable regulations from DIN, EN, UVV [German accident prevention regulations] and BGBau [German employers' liability insurance association for the construction industry].

In the adjustment method, trench shoring units are adjusted into a section of trench that has previously been excavated to its final depth according to the provisions in DIN 4124.

The adjustment method is only permissible if the following preconditions have been fulfilled:

- Temporarily firm ground
- Vertical ditch walls
- Same trench width for the entire length of the shoring unit
- The trench must not be entered before the trench shoring unit is adjusted.
- There must be no crossing pipes, buildings or other structures and / or traffic areas within the range of the trench.
- The degree of anticipated settlement, loosening and displacement of soil within the range of the trench is acceptable.

The ground is considered temporarily firm if no major crumbling is noted in the period from the start of excavation until the adjustment of the shoring.

The permissible load values according to the technical data of the shoring system used must be complied with. For details regarding the trench depth, refer to DIN 4124.

It is forbidden at all times to enter trenches with a trench depth ≥ 1.25 m without shoring or slope. It is also prohibited to stay or to work with heavy machinery in the area of risk e. g. the edge of the pit.

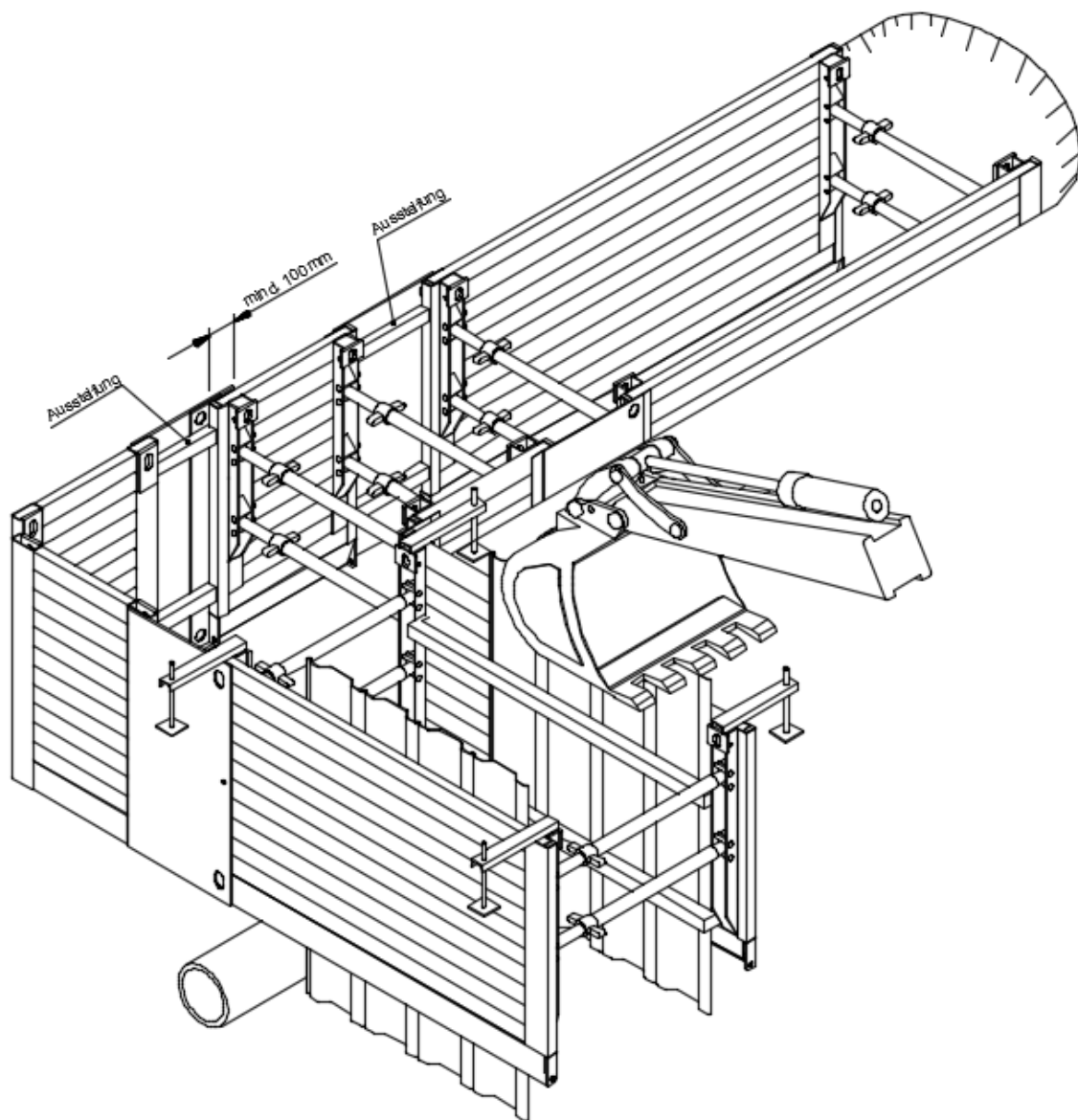
2. Insertion of the KRINGS corner shoring unit

The corner shoring unit is positioned with suitable and tested lifting slings close to the previously inserted shoring element and inserted into the trench.

Make sure that the length compensation area protrudes up to the V mark over the contacting form-work (min. 10 cm overlap) for safety reasons.

To avoid movement of the KRINGS corner shoring unit, spread a suitable support between the shoring corner and the next shoring element.

The gap between the trench wall and the inserted corner shoring unit must be backfilled up to the top.



6. REMOVING INSTRUCTIONS

Removing, backfilling and compacting

After completing the pipe-laying work the shoring is removed with layer-by-layer backfilling and compacting. To this end, the shoring is extracted step-by-step in accordance with the instructions of the local site management and the expert's specifications and the backfilling material returned to the trench is compacted against the existing soil.

Lifting slings may only be attached to the provided attachment points.

In order to avoid overuse of the corner shoring unit, one-sided drawing operations must be avoided.

7. MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

All shoring components must be checked for proper functioning before they are used in subsequent shoring fields.

Defective parts must be replaced and / or repaired.

Minor repairs can be carried out by the user after consultation with the manufacturer.

Only use original spare parts from the manufacturer!

No warranty for improperly performed repairs and use of non-original parts.

Baltic States

terra infrastructure UAB
Liepų str. 83
93269 Klaipėda
Lithuania
P: +370 46 355-401
info@terra-infrastructure.lt
www.terra-infrastructure.com/lt

Eastern Europe

terra infrastructure GmbH
Hollestr. 7a
DE-45127 Essen
Germany
P: +49 201 565 783 20
easterneurope@terra-infrastructure.com
www.terra-infrastructure.com/eu/en

South West Europe

terra infrastructure GmbH
Hauptstrasse 35a
77866 Rheinau-Freistett
Germany
P: +49 7844 9143 0
export-sweurope@terra-infrastructure.com
www.terra-infrastructure.com/eu/en

Group Headquarter

terra infrastructure GmbH
Hollestr. 7a
DE-45127 Essen
Germany
P: +49 201 565 783 20
info@terra-infrastructure.com
www.terra-infrastructure.com